

OWNER: Camp A. P. Hill (Rappahannock Site)
DRILLER: Sydnor Hydrodynamics, Inc.
COUNTY: Caroline (Port Royal)

VDMR: 1694
WWCR: 78
TOTAL DEPTH: 473'

GEOLOGIC LOG

Depth in feet

COLUMBIA GROUP (0-50')

- 0-10 Sand — orange-brown, moderately argillaceous; poorly sorted; slightly feldspathic.
- 10-20 Sand and Gravel — brown, slightly argillaceous; gravel is well-sorted (granules), sand is poorly-sorted; both fractions arkosic with abundant blue quartz.
- 20-30 "
- 30-40 Sand — brown, slightly argillaceous; medium- to coarse-grained, well sorted; moderate amount of decomposed feldspar.
- 40-50 " medium- to very coarse-grained, moderately sorted.

CALVERT FORMATION (50-150')

- 50-60 Gravel and Silt — gray, very argillaceous; gravel (50-60%) is well-sorted (granules); silt (40-50%) has gray clay matrix with some sand; iron oxide coatings and fragments of ferricrete common in gravel fraction.
- 60-70 Silt — gray, very argillaceous, slightly sandy; trace of diatoms.
- 70-80 Clay — gray, very slightly silty and sandy, slightly diatomaceous.
- 80-90 " slightly silty and sandy.
- 90-100 Silt and Sand — gray, very argillaceous; very well-sorted coarse-grained silt and very fine-grained sand (1/32-1/8 mm); scattered grains and fragments of phosphorite; very slightly diatomaceous.
- 100-110 " trace of diatoms.
- 110-120 Clay — gray, moderately and uniformly silty; trace of diatoms.
- 120-130 " very slightly diatomaceous.

- 130-140 Clay — gray, silty and sandy; very slightly diafomaceous; scattered grains and fragments of phosphorite and a trace of carbonaceous material.
- 140-150 "
- PAMUNKEY GROUP (150-310')
- 150-160 Silt and Sand — dark gray, argillaceous; well sorted; 50-60% coarse-grained quartz silt and very fine-grained sand (1/32-1/8 mm), and 40-50% medium- to coarse-grained sand consisting of 50% fresh glauconite and 50% subrounded quartz; moderately micaceous (muscovite); small amount phosphorite (brown and gray); traces of carbonaceous material and pyrite; scattered molluscan shell fragments.
- 160-170 " 1-2% molluscan shell fragments, and a few small pebbles.
- 170-180 Sand — gray, argillaceous, about 5% well-sorted gravel (2-6 mm); very fine- to medium-grained, well sorted (skewed fine); 45% clear to greenish, angular quartz, and 45% fresh glauconite; glauconite is coarser-grained than quartz; scattered nodules, plates, and casts of phosphorite; small amounts muscovite and pyrite; about 5% shell fragments, and a very few foraminifers.
- 180-190 " less glauconite, slightly feldspathic.
- 190-200 Clay — gray, very silty and sandy; glauconitic; small amounts pyrite and phosphorite; about 5% molluscan shell fragments and a few foraminifers.
- 200-210 "
- 210-220 Sand — very dark gray, very argillaceous and silty, a few small pebbles; fine- to very fine-grained, very well sorted; 75% clear to greenish angular quartz, and 25% glauconite; minor amounts of phosphorite and muscovite; scattered molluscan shell fragments.
- 220-230 Sand — very dark gray, argillaceous; very fine-grained, well sorted, angular; 85% quartz, 15% glauconite; small amounts phosphorite and muscovite; a few molluscan (Turritella) and bryozoan shell fragments, and a very few vertebrate, fish teeth, and foraminifers.

- 230-240 Sand and Limestone — dark gray, argillaceous, a few small pebbles; very fine- to coarse-grained, fairly well sorted (skewed fine); about 30% glauconite; about 10% shell fragments (including Turritella), vertebrate, fish teeth, and a few large lenticulinid foraminifers; sand is locally cemented by carbonate (green, sandy limestone).
- 240-250 "
- 250-260 Sand — dark gray, silty and argillaceous; fine grained, well sorted; 65% angular quartz, 30% glauconite; small amounts phosphorite, pyrite, muscovite; 5% shell fragments, and a few fish teeth; locally cemented by carbonate.
- 260-270 "
- 270-280 "
- 280-290 "
- 290-300 "
- 300-310 " clay matrix is locally limonitic.
- POTOMAC GROUP (310-470')
- 310-320 Sand — medium- to light-gray, argillaceous; a very few granules and very small pebbles; fine- to coarse-grained, rather poorly-sorted; slightly glauconitic (5-10%); moderately arkosic (white potassic feldspar); abundant blue quartz; small amounts of muscovite, phosphorite, and shell fragments.
- 320-330 " slightly- to moderately-argillaceous; about 2% glauconite.
- 330-340 " "
- 340-350 " about 5% granule gravel.
- 350-360 Sand — grayish-brown, slightly argillaceous; medium- to coarse-grained, well sorted; moderately arkosic; abundant blue quartz; slightly glauconitic; a few molluscan shell fragments.
- 360-370 " fine- to coarse-grained, moderately sorted.
- 370-380 " "

380-390	Sand — grayish-brown, slightly argillaceous; fine- to coarse-grained, moderately sorted; moderately arkosic, abundant blue quartz; slightly glauconitic; a few molluscan shell fragments.
390-400	"
400-410	"
410-420	"
420-430	"
430-440	Sand — brown, argillaceous; fine- to coarse-grained, moderately sorted; moderately arkosic, very slightly glauconitic; trace of shell material.
440-450	Sand — brownish-gray, slightly argillaceous; medium- to very coarse-grained, moderately sorted; arkosic; slightly glauconitic.
450-460	" medium-grained to granules, moderately sorted.
460-470	Sand — gray, clean; medium- to very coarse-grained, fairly well sorted; moderately arkosic; abundant blue quartz; very slightly glauconitic.

GEOLOGIC SUMMARY

	<u>Rock Unit</u>	<u>Age</u>
0- 50	Columbia Group	Pliocene-Pleistocene
50-150	Calvert Formation	Miocene
150-310	Pamunkey Group	Eocene
310-470	Potomac Group	Early Cretaceous

Virginia Division of Mineral Resources
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