GEORGIA STATE DIVISION OF CONSERVATION

DEPARTMENT OF MINES, MINING AND GEOLOGY GARLAND PEYTON, Director

> THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY Bulletin Number 74

LOGS OF SELECTED WELLS IN THE COASTAL PLAINS OF GEORGIA

by

Esther R. and Paul L. Applin



ATLANTA 1964

CLINCH COUNTY

Operator: H	. L. H	lunt	
Landowner:	Alice	Musgrove	well 1

GGS. No. 481 Elevation: 147 ft. (derrick floor)

Location: Land District 12, Land Lot 198; Northwest corner of southwest quarter of Land Lot 198

Total depth: 4088 ft. Completed: Jan. 18, 1944. 34 1

Summary of Stratigraphy				
	Depth (feet)	Thickness (feet)		
Tertiary				
Oligocene				
upper, Suwanee Limestone	390	80		
Eocene		00		
upper, Ocala Limestone, upper member	470	150		
lower member	620	110		
middle, upper middle, Avon Park Limestone	730	210		
lower middle, Lake City Limestone	940	520		
lower, Oldsmar Limestone	1460	?		
Paleocene	43			
in beds containing Tamesí fauna at 2370 ft.	- ?	?		
· · · · · ·				
Cretaceous		·		
Gulf				
Lawson Limestone, upper member(?)	2820	40		
Beds of Taylor age	2860	220		
Beds of Taylor age Beds of Austin age	3080	310		
Atkinson Formation, upper member	3390	225		
lower member	3615	210		
Comanche undifferentiated	3825	128		
х.,				
Ordovician	1.5			
Lower Ordovician ¹ quartzitic sandstone and		ž •		
dark shale	3953	to 135		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	total	depth		
Lithologic and paleontologic description of cut- tings and cores. Samples are cuttings unless otherwise stated.	•	· ·		
Depth (feet) Description				
0 to 2370 Samples were studied microscopically but were	not desc	ribed. The		

Samples were studied microscopically but were not described. The different stratigraphic units of Oligocene and Eocene age were

¹Bridge, Josiah, and Berdan, J. M., 1951, U. S. Geological Survey open-file report, p. 5 and map.

Depth (feet)

Description

determined on the basis of characteristic species of Foraminifera that were identified in the samples, and the approximate depth to the top of each unit is shown in the summary of stratigraphy.

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In Paleocene Series

Beds containing Tamesi fauna

- 2370-2400 Limestone, gray, hard, marly, slightly glauconitic; a few fragments of the limestone are sandy. The sample contains a little light grayish-tan chert.
- 2400-2410 Chalk, cream, slightly glauconitic. The sample contains abundant specimens of very small, poorly preserved, non-diagnostic Foraminifera; Asterigerina sp. common.
- 2410-2420 Sample not described.
- 2420-2450 Limestone, light-gray and light-cream, hard, chalky. The sample contains a little chert, and specimens of small Foraminifera like the sample at 2400-2410 ft.

2450-2460 Sample not described.

2460-2470 Limestone, gray and cream, chalky, nodular, slightly glauconitic; many specimens of small Foraminifera like sample at 2400-2410 ft.

2470-2480 Sample not described.

2480-2490 Limestone, cream, nodular, somewhat glauconitic. The sample contains a little chert. The limestone has a sandy appearance because it contains a large amount of very finely fragmental calcitic material. The microfauna is composed of specimens of small Foraminifera like the sample at 2400-2410 ft.

2490-2550 No change.

2550-2560 Limestone, like sample at 2480-2490 ft., but more calcitic. White chert in the sample has a spicular appearance; the microfauna is unchanged.

2560-2680 No change.

2680-2690 Like sample at 2550-2560 ft., but the limestone is softer, contains fine-grained sand and large worn fragments of calcite; the microfauna is unchanged.

2690-2770 No change.

2770-2780 Sandstone, greenish-gray, very fine grained, glauconitic, containing much calcitic material. The sample contains gray, sandy, marly clay; specimens of *Nodosaria affinis* and a few other foraminiferal species.

2780-2800 Samples not described.

2800-2810 Chalk, white, sandy, and gray, very fine grained, somewhat glauconitic sandstone. The sample contains a little gray chert and non-diagnostic specimens of small Foraminifera.

2810-2820 Limestone, light-cream, chalky, glauconitic; light grayish-tan chert

Depth (feet)

Description

common. The sample contains specimens of small Foraminifera, specimens of *Globorotalia velascoensis*, and other species characteristic of the beds of Paleocene age that contain a Tamesí fauna.

Cretaceous

Gulf Series

Lawson Limestone. Upper Member (?)

2820-2830

Limestone, white, like sample at 2810-2820 ft., a little glauconite, and a little light-gray spicular chert; many fragments of lightbrown dolomite that possibly marks the top of the upper member of the Lawson Limestone (Navarro age).

2830-2840 Dolomite, light-cream, finely granular, is the dominant material in this sample.

2840-2850 Limestone, white, containing scattered small grains of dark-green glauconite. The limestone is more chalky than that in the overlying beds of Paleocene age. Indigenous specimens of Foraminifera are not abundant but specimens of *Globotrumenna area* are

fera are not abundant but specimens of *Globotruncana arca* are present.

2850-2860 Like sample at 2840-2860 ft., but the limestone is only slightly glauconitic.

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Beds of Taylor age

- 2860-2870
- Like sample at 2850-2860 ft.; highest appearance of *Inoceramus* fragments, and a few specimens of *Globorotalites conicus* and *Stensiöina americana*.

2870-2880 Sample not studied.

- 2880-2890 Inoceramus fragments are abundant.
- 2890-2970 Samples not studied.
- 2970-2980 Clay, gray and greenish-gray, soft, marly, begins to show in the samples and increases in amount in the samples below this depth. A little sand is present but may be caving.
- 2880-2990 Like the sample at 2970-2980 ft.; fine to moderately fine-grained sand is about 20 percent of the sample.
- 2990-3060 Samples not studied.

3060-3070 Marl, gray.

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3070-3080 Sample not studied.

Beds of Austin age

The top of the beds of Austin age is placed at 3080 ft. on the basis of electric log correlation supported by the data from samples.

3080-3090 -

Limestone, cream, and a few fragments of light-gray marl. The material being drilled seems to be gray and greenish-gray marl containing streaks of limestone. *Inoceramus* fragments are

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Depth	Description			
(feet)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
a.,),	abundant; fine to coarse-grained sand is about 50 percent of the sample.			
8090-3100 ^{or 20}	Marl, about 75 percent of the sample; fragments of glauconitic limestone are about 25 percent of the sample. <i>Inoceramus</i> frag- ments are common, and a few shell fragments are present in sandy fragments of the marl.			
3110-3120	Marl. Highest occurrence of specimens of <i>Citharina texana</i> indi- cates the Austin age of the beds.			
3120-3240	Samples not studied.			
3240-3250	Marl, dark-gray, slightly speckled; highest occurrence of this type of lithology.			
3250-3300	Samples not studied.			
3300-3310 `	Shale, greenish, and brownish-gray thinly flaky shale. Specimens of <i>Globotruncana</i> sp., <i>Globigerina</i> sp., and <i>Gümbelina</i> sp. are common; specimens of <i>Planulina austiniana</i> indicate the Austin			
	age of the beds.			
3310-3380	Samples not studied.			
3380-3390	Shale, dark, flaky, speckled, and fragments of dark-brown, thinly flaky, speckled, greasy-looking shale.			
•	Atkinson Formation. Upper Member.			
3390-3400	Shale, like sample at 3380-3390 ft., and fragments of white, soft, fine-grained, glauconitic sandstone; most of the sand grains are			
110 0110	angular.			
3400-3410	Sample not studied.			
3410-3420	Sand and sandstone like sample at 3390-3400 ft., and several types of gray and greenish-gray thinly flaky clay shale; a little green, smooth-textured, noncalcareous shale; a few fragments of fish bones.			
3420-3477	Samples not studied.			
3477 /el	Sidewall core. Sand, white, fine-grained, angular.			
3477-3620 ,	Samples not studied.			
Atkinson Formation. Lower Member.				
3615	Top of lower member of Atkinson Formation is placed on the			
	basis of electric log correlation in connection with the data from samples.			
3620-3630	Shale, green and gray, several types; sand; shell fragments.			
3630-3640	Sample not studied.			
3640-3650	Shale, green; flaky; many specimens of calcareous species of Fora- minifera that are characteristic of the upper member of the Atkinson Formation, some or all of which are probably caving; several specimens of arenaceous species of Foraminifera that are indigenous to the lower Atkinson			

LOGS OF SELECTED WELLS IN THE COASTAL PLAIN OF GEORGIA

· LOG	OF SELECTED WELLS IN THE COASTAL TEATH OF GEORGIA 10			
Depth (feet)	Description			
3650-3680	Samples not studied.			
3680-3700	Like sample at 3640-3650 ft.			
3700-3710	Shale, like sample at 3640-3650 ft.; fragments of light-gray, hard, dense, fine-grained, micaceous, glauconitic sandstone begin to show in the samples.			
3710-3720	Shale, like sample at 3700-3710 ft., and many fragments of white, loosely consolidated, fine-grained sandstone containing a few shell fragments and fish teeth.			
3720-3736	Samples not studied.			
3736	Sidewall core.			
	Sandstone, white, loosely consolidated, fine-grained, glauconitic.			
3736-3840	Samples not studied.			
	Comanche Series undifferentiated			
3825 Top of Comanche Series is placed on basis of electric log correla- tion in connection with the data from samples.				
3840-3850 Sand, unconsolidated, containing greenish-yellow and pink grains, coarse-grained, and a little feldspar.				
3850-3870	Samples not studied.			
3870-3880 ² Sand like sample at 3840-3850 ft., and yellow, green, and multi- colored, hard, very finely micaceous shale.				
CLINCH COUNTY				
Operator: Wiley P. Ballard, Jr. Landowner: Timber Products Co. Well 1A GGS. No. 496 Elevation: 214 ft. (derrick floor)				
Location: Land District 7, Land Lot 306; 2050 ft. east and 1760 ft. south of northwest corner of Land Lot 306. Total depth: 4232 ft. Completed: Feb. 8, 1956				
Summary of Stratigraphy				
Depth Thickness (feet) (feet)				
Tertiary				
Eocene 1528				

upper, Ocala Limestone, upper member4	492 188
	sample)
lower member6	680 260
middle, undifferentiated 9	940? 740
lower, beds of Wilcox age 16	680 340
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²Samples below 3880 ft. not studied.