GEORGIA STATE DIVISION OF CONSERVATION

DEPARTMENT OF MINES, MINING AND GEOLOGY GARLAND PEYTON, Director

THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY Bulletin Number 70

WELL LOGS OF THE COASTAL PLAIN OF GEORGIA

by

Stephen M. Herrick, Geologist United States Geological Survey



Prepared cooperatively by the U. S. Geological Survey

ATLANTA 1961

WELL LOGS OF THE COASTAD	I DAIN OF GEORGE	A	50
		Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Summary:			
Pliocene to Recent (undifferentiated)			45
Miocene (undifferentiated)			250
Oligocene (undifferentiated)		79	329
Potential Water-Bear	ing Zones:		
Limestone		79	329
,	. 52		
	CHA	THAM CO	UNTY
			202
Location:	4	l No.: GGS	396
Owner: No. 1 American Petroleum Company	Filet	7.: 161	
Driller: Layne-Atlantic Company		Thickness	Depth
		(feet)	(feet)
			٠
Pliocene to Recent (Undifferentiated):	* *	ű.	-
PES	900 GEORGI		COSC COSC
Sand: fine-grained, phosphatic (finely diss	eminated)	5	5
Clay: bluish-gray to red (mottled), very	sandy micaceous		
			10
sand, as above	,		
Sand and clay: as above; some clay, dark	-brown, somewhat		E.Solwer
indurated, lignitic, micaceous		8	18
. Sand: coarse-grained (up to gravel size), su	hrounded arkosic	7	25
, same vonto gramou (ap to gravou sizo), se		innig" i	
BRI CTT. 3100	7		•
Miocene (Undifferentiated):		•	
Clay: yellowish to dark-green, sandy, phos	nhatic micaceous		
(finely disseminated flakes); interbedde	1.77		
stone, light-brown, saccharoidal, sandy, p			215
stone, right sie in, successivities, sundy, p	· · ·	100	
Phosphatic pebbles common at 75-85.	8		
Dolomitic limestone prominent at 140-150.			
. Dolombie intestone prominent at 140 100		3	
Limestone: white, dense, sandy, phosph	atic, fossiliferous	į.	
(fragments, casts and molds of megafossil	s, and some Ostra-		
cods and Foraminifera)		15	230
		7	
Elphidium sp., Nonion pizarensis, Valvi			
Nonion advena, Discorbis subaraucana, C	ibicides lobatulus	,	
Cibicides concentricus at 210-220.	#	L	
Pyrgo sp. at 220-230.	, , ,		
	- , · ·		
No samples	.49,	10	240

Average elevation taken from State Highway map.

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
In Oligocene (Undifferentiated):		
Limestone: cream, somewhat crystalline (calcitized), rather massive, nodular, fossiliferous (casts and molds of Gastropods, bryozoan remains, and Foraminifera)	70	310
Quinqueloculina sp., Pyrgo sp., Rotalia mexicana var., Dictyoconus ² sp., Gypsina globula ² at 240-260.	N:	
In Upper Eocene: Jackson Group: Ocala Limestone:		
Limestone: light-gray to white at depth, crystalline (much calcitized), fossiliferous (macroshells, abundant echinoid and bryozoan remains, Ostracods, and Foraminifera) Operculinoides cf. O. floridensis at 300-320. Operculinoides floridensis at 340-360.		500
Limestone: cream, granular (highly calcitized), fossiliferous (abundant bryozoan remains and abundant "larger Foraminifera")	220	720
Asterocyclina sp., Camerina striatoreticulata, Operculina mariannensis at 500-520.		
Lepidocyclina (Polylepidina) antillea ² at 520-540.		
Pliocene to Recent (undifferentiated) Miocene (undifferentiated) No samples In Oligocene (undifferentiated) In upper Eocene (Ocala limestone)	205 10. 70	25 230 240 310 720
Potential Water-Bearing Zones:		
Limestone	480	720
Remarks:		i.f.

Overall quality of well cuttings poor.

²Reworked(?) fossil of middle Eocene age.