GEORGIA STATE DIVISION OF CONSERVATION

DEPARTMENT OF MINES, MINING AND GEOLOGY GARLAND PEYTON, Director

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WELL LOGS OF THE COASTAL PLAIN OF GEORGIA

by

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Prepared cooperatively by the U. S. Geological Survey

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TITLE OF THE PARTY	EI ED	T T= :///
WHE	ELER CO	UNTY
Location: 6.2 mi. northeast of No. 1 Jordan Heirs (oil Well test) at tenant house, southwest quarter of Land Lot 87, 6th I Owner: No. 1 Emmett Joyce		
Driller: Dixie Well Drilling Company		
Drilled: 1953		
	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
No samples	100	100
No samples		100
In Miocene (Undifferentiated):		
Clay: light-gray, sandy; sand, fine to medium-grained, angular		150
Sand: fine to medium-grained, angular, gray phosphatic	· · ·	•
pebbles	20	170
Clay: yellowish-green, sandy; fragments of limestone, white, rather dense, sandy	110	280
Sand: fine to medium-grained, subangular, phosphatic, fos-		
siliferous (a coquina at depth).	65	345
Oligocene (Undifferentiated):		
Limestone: light-gray, dense, crystalline, somewhat nodular, sandy, sparsely phosphatic, fossiliferous (some macroshells, bryozoan remains, Ostracods, and Foraminifera)	105	450
Quinqueloculina sp. at 340-350.		
Rotalia mexicana var. at 350-360.		
Asterigerina subacuta, Operculinoides sp. at 370-380.		
Upper Eocene: Jackson Group: Ocala Limestone:		
Limestone: cream, considerably calcitized, granular, fossili- ferous (some macroshells, echinoid and bryozoan remains and Foraminifera)	160	610
Camerina striatoreticulata, Lepidocyclina sp. at 450-460.		
Camerina striatoreticulata common at 460-470.		
Lepidocyclina ocalana at 580-590.	*	
Bryozoan remains common at 590-610.		(*)
Summary:	w.	
No samples	100	100
In Miocene (undifferentiated)	_ 245	345
Oligocene (undifferentiated)		450
Upper Eocene (Ocala limestone)	160	610
Potential Water-Bearing Zones:		