

**GEORGIA**  
**STATE DIVISION OF CONSERVATION**  
DEPARTMENT OF MINES, MINING AND GEOLOGY  
GARLAND PEYTON, Director

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**THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY**  
Bulletin Number 70

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**WELL LOGS OF THE**  
**COASTAL PLAIN OF GEORGIA**

by

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Prepared cooperatively by the U. S. Geological Survey

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**ATLANTA**  
**1961**

## CALHOUN COUNTY

Location: 6 ft. west and 15 ft. south of north footing of steel water tower in Arlington  
 Well No.: GGS 330  
 Elev.: 306  
 Owner: No. 2 City of Arlington  
 Driller: Layne-Atlantic Company  
 Drilled: January 1953

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
<b>Residuum:</b>		
Clay: pale olive-green to tan to red to purple (mottled), very sandy, limonitic	125	125
Sand: fine to coarse-grained, angular	30	155
No samples	20	175

**In Middle Eocene: Claiborne Group (Undifferentiated):**

Sand: fine to coarse-grained, angular, somewhat phosphatic, fossiliferous (macroshells); interbedded marl, pale-green to light-gray, silty, carbonaceous, micaceous, fossiliferous (some Foraminifera); limestone, light-gray, dense, very sandy, glauconitic, fossiliferous (macroshells, some bryozoan remains, and Foraminifera)

	185	360
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*Asterigerina lisbonensis* at 228-239.

*Discorbis yeguaensis* at 269-280.

Glauconite prominent at 341-351.

**Lower Eocene(?): Wilcox Group (Undifferentiated):**

Limestone: light-gray, dense, sandy, abundantly glauconitic	5	365
Clay: dark-gray, silty, carbonaceous, micaceous	17	382

**Summary:**

Residuum	155	155
No samples	20	175
In middle Eocene (Claiborne group, undifferentiated)	185	360
Lower Eocene(?) (Wilcox group, undifferentiated)	22	382

**Potential Water-Bearing Zones:**

Sand: fine to coarse-grained	30	155
Sand: fine to coarse-grained	76	354

## Remarks:

Additional aquifers, as for example the Clayton formation, occur in this area at depths lower than the total depth (382) of the above described well. Quality of samples on this well is poor; much better cuttings could have been collected. Moreover, the sands penetrated during drilling of this well were reported dry. This report is considered questionable. Many of these sands might have been sealed-off by mud during drilling, hence appeared to be dry when tested.

## CALHOUN COUNTY

Location: 12 ft. north and 6 ft. west of southwest footing of water tower, ½ block north of Courthouse, west side of Highway 55, in Morgan  
 Well No.: GGS 331  
 Elev.: 252  
 Owner: No. 1 City of Morgan  
 Driller: Layne-Atlantic Company  
 Drilled: December 1952

Thickness (feet)      Depth (feet)

## Residuum:

Sand: fine to coarse-grained, subangular, limonitic; interbedded clay, light-gray with red streaks (somewhat mottled), sandy	4	4
Clay: light-gray to pale-brownish-green with tan to red streaks (mottled), very sandy, limonitic	20	24

## Upper Eocene(?): Jackson Group: Ocala Formation:

Limestone: white to cream, rather dense and massive, somewhat saccharoidal, sandy, fossiliferous (molluscan shells, bryozoan remains, and Foraminifera)	10	34
<i>Lepidocyclina</i> sp., <i>Camerina</i> sp. at 24-34.		

## In Middle Eocene: Claiborne Group: Lisbon Formation:

Limestone: white to light-gray, dense, crystalline, coarsely but sparsely glauconitic, sandy, somewhat fossiliferous (molluscan shells, bryozoan remains, Ostracods, and Foraminifera); interbedded clay, light-gray, sandy, carbonaceous, micaceous; indurated sand or sandstone, pale-green, fine-grained, very dense, highly siliceous, micaceous, carbonaceous	81	115
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*Nonion advena*, *Cibicides pseudoungerianus* var., *Cibicides* cf. *C. westi* at 45-55.

*Cibicides westi* at 55-65.

*Asterigerina lisbonensis* common at 65-75.