## GEORGIA STATE DIVISION OF CONSERVATION

DEPARTMENT OF MINES, MINING AND GEOLOGY GARLAND PEYTON, Director

## THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY Bulletin Number 70

## WELL LOGS OF THE COASTAL PLAIN OF GEORGIA

by

Stephen M. Herrick, Geologist United States Geological Survey



Prepared cooperatively by the U. S. Geological Survey

ATLANTA 1961

•	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Clay: dark-green, partially indurated, fossiliferous (macro- shells, Ostracods, and Foraminifera)		235
Sand: fine to coarse-grained, abundantly phosphatic	23	258
Clay: dark-green, silty, cherty		286
Dolomitic limestone: light-brown, dense (highly calcitized), sandy, coarsely phosphatic		307
Sand: fine to coarse-grained, abundantly phosphatic		397
Clay: green, sandy, phosphatic, sandier at depth		455
Limestone; white, sandy at 435-445.	ŧ	
No samples	72	517
In Upper Eccene: Jackson Group: Ocala Limestone:		ı <b>i</b> -
Limestone: cream to light-gray, dense (much calcitized), fos- siliferous (fragments of bryozoan remains, macroshells, Os- tracods, and Foraminifera)	37	554
Operculinoides cf. O. floridensis at 517-526.		
Summary:		
No samples	90	90
In Pliocene to Recent (undifferentiated		100
Miocene (undifferentiated)		445
No samples In upper Eocene (Ocala limestone)	72 37	517 554
3.4	-, , , (	, 001
Potential Water-Bearing Zones:		<u>.</u>
Sand: fine to coarse-grained, phosphatic	90	397
Limestone	34	554
	~c · A	
	,,	
CHAR	LTON CO	UNTY
	No.: GGS	453
Owner: No. 1 Folkston Elementary and High School Elev.:	801	· i ·
Driller: M. M. Gray Drilled: 1955		
Drined: 1955	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pliocene to Recent (Undifferentiated):	,	× , L
Sand: fine-grained to coarser-grained at depth, finely disseminated phosphatic grains and inclusions of kaolin; interbedded clay, dark-gray, silty, carbonaceous, micaceous	60	. 60

Average elevation taken from State Highway map.

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Limestone: light-gray to brown, dense, saccharoidal, sandy; interbedded clay, dark-green, somewhat indurated, fossilifer-	.1	
ous (some Ostracods and Foraminifera)		120
Rotalia beccarii var. at 60-70.	,	
Miocene (Undifferentiated):		
Clay: light-gray to pale-green, sandy, sparsely phosphatic	40	160
Sand: fine to coarse-grained; dolomitic limestone, light-brown, saccharoidal (much calcitized), sandy, coarsely phosphatic		310
Clay: dark-green, sandy	30	340
Dolomitic limestone: light-brown, saccharoidal, sandy, coarsely phosphatic, cherty	40	380
Sand: fine to coarse-grained		395
Clay: dark-green, silty; siltstone, light-brown, indurated, sandy, phosphatic	25	420
Dolomitic limestone: light-brown, saccharoidal, very sandy, coarsely phosphatic	50	470
Clay: dark-green, sandy, cherty		500
Sand: fine to coarse-grained, phosphatic	20	<b>520</b>
Upper Eocene: Jackson Group: Ocala Limestone:		
Limestone: cream, dense (much calcitized), sandy (at top of section), fossiliferous (bryozoan remains, Ostracods, and Foraminifera)	130	650
Operculinoides sp. at 520-530.		
Summary:		
Pliocene to Recent (undifferentiated)  Miocene (undifferentiated)	400	120 520
Upper Eocene (Ocala limestone)	130	650
Potential Water-Bearing Zones:		
Sand: fine to coarse-grained  Limestone		520 650
	-00	