## GEORGIA STATE DIVISION OF CONSERVATION

DEPARTMENT OF MINES, MINING AND GEOLOGY GARLAND PEYTON, Director

## THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY Bulletin Number 70

## WELL LOGS OF THE COASTAL PLAIN OF GEORGIA

by

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Prepared cooperatively by the U. S. Geological Survey

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× %.	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Summary:		
Upper Eocene (Barnwell formation)	110	110
Upper Cretaceous (Tuscaloosa formation)		185
Potential Water-Bearing Zones:	÷ ×	
None because static water level is below total depth of well.		
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e e		
	2 <b>.</b> %	
*,		TNTTV
	TWIGGS CO	
The first state of the first sta	Well No.: GGS 360 Elev.: 470	
Driller: Layne-Atlantic Company	Elev.: 470	
Drilled: October 1953		`~
, "	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
S	Œ	
Upper Eocene: Jackson Group: Barnwell Formation:	x I	
Clay: olive-green to red (mottled), very sandy, limonitic	15	15
Clay: yellowish-green, sandy; fragments of limestone	17	32
Limestone: white, very sandy	14	46
Sand: fine to coarse-grained, somewhat arkosic	60	106
Upper Cretaceous: Tuscaloosa Formation:	,	
Sand: fine to coarse-grained, angular; interbedded clay	(or	
kaolin)		336
Kaolin: white, micaceous	6	342
	¥ ×	
Summary:		
Upper Eccene (Barnwell formation)	100 or 100 PM	106
Upper Cretaceous (Tuscaloosa formation)	236	342
Potential Water-Bearing Zones:	,	
Sand: fine to coarse-grained	60	260
Sand: fine to coarse-grained	31	305

## Remarks:

Sand: fine to coarse-grained

Well samples of poor quality.