GEORGIA STATE DIVISION OF CONSERVATION

DEPARTMENT OF MINES, MINING AND GEOLOGY GARLAND PEYTON, Director

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WELL LOGS OF THE COASTAL PLAIN OF GEORGIA

by

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Prepared cooperatively by the U. S. Geological Survey

ATLANTA 1961

		3.0
(·) (Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Sand: fine to coarse-grained, somewhat argillaceous, arkosic	15	. 33
Clay (or kaolin): white to gray to red (mottled), sandy	11	44
Clay: tan to olive-green to red (somewhat mottled), mica-	7, 1	34.5
ceous, sandy, arkosic		98
Sand: medium to coarse-grained, angular, arkosic	38	136
Clay: brick-red, very sandy, micaceous	10	146
Sand: medium to coarse-grained, angular, arkosic		157
Sand: as above but somewhat argillaceous	19	176
	8	i cape
Summary:	n *	i
Upper Cretaceous (Tuscaloosa formation)	176	176
Potential Water-Bearing Zones:		
Sand: fine to coarse-grained	15	33
Sand: medium to coarse-grained	38	136
Sand: medium to coarse-grained *	11	157
See . See		8, 11
**		
TATT	NALL CO	UNTY
Location: North side of prison yard, few yards east of elevated steel water tank, at Tattnall State Prison Owner: No. 2 Tattnall State Prison		180
Driller: Virginia Machine and Well Company	**	*
Drilled: 1949	, 1 ; †-	nth
	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pliocene to Recent (Undifferentiated):		
Sand: fine to medium-grained, arkosic, finely disseminated phosphatic grains; some gray clay and white kaolin		30
Miocene (Undifferentiated):	in the second	
Clay: pale-green, sandy; interbedded sand, fine to coarse- grained, arkosic, phosphatic at depth	70	100
Gray phosphatic pebbles prominent at 90-100.		
Clay: gray to pale-green, sandy, phosphatic	40	140
Sand: fine to coarse-grained, phosphatic	,	180
Clay: pale-green, sandy, phosphatic		200
oray. pare-green, samuy, phosphiade		

Thickness Depth (feet) (feet)
Clay: as above; interbedded limestone, white, rather dense
(much calcitized), sandy, phosphatic; sand, fine to coarse- grained, phosphatic 210 410
Dolomitic limestone: light-brown, saccharoidal, sandy, phos- phatic; sand, as above
Macroshells prominent at 430-440.
Indurated sand: fine to medium-grained, coarsely phosphatic 10 470
Limestone: white, dense (much calcitized), very sandy, phosphatic 480
Oligocene (Undifferentiated):
Limestone: cream, fossiliferous (bryozoan remains and Fora- minifera)
Dictyoconus ¹ sp., Asterocyclina ¹ sp., Asterigerina cf. A. subacuta, Spiroloculina sp., Discorbis byramensis, Gypsina globula ¹ , Reusella oligocenica, Operculinoides ¹ sp. at 480-
490.
Lepidocyclina sp., Siphonina advena, Asterocyclina cf. A
Upper Eocene: Jackson Group: Ocala Limestone:
Limestone: as above; fragments of limestone, light gray, crystalline (much calcitized), fossiliferous (common to abundant bryozoan remains and Foraminifera) 20 520
Operculinoides sp., Gypsina globula at 500-510. Asterocyclina sp. at 510-520.
Limestone: light-gray, crystalline (much calcitized), fossil- iferous (abundant bryozoan remains and Foraminifera) 300 820
Asterocyclina nassauensis, Pseudophragmina flintensis, Gypsina globula at 540-550.
Summary:
Pliocene to Recent (undifferentiated) 5 30 30 Miocene (undifferentiated) 450 480
Miocene (undifferentiated) 450 480 Oligocene (undifferentiated) 20 500
Oligocene (undifferentiated) 20 500 Upper Eocene (Ocala limestone) 320 820
Potential Water-Bearing Zones:
Sand: fine to coarse-grained 40 180
Limestone 320 820
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Remarks

Samples of poor quality.

¹Reworked(?) fossil of middle Eocene age.