GEORGIA

STATE DIVISION OF CONSERVATION

DEPARTMENT OF MINES, MINING AND GEOLOGY GARLAND PEYTON, Director

THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

:2

Bulletin Number 70

WELL LOGS OF THE COASTAL PLAIN OF GEORGIA

by

Stephen M. Herrick, Geologist United States Geological Survey



Prepared cooperatively by the U. S. Geological Survey

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	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Clay: brick-red, micaceous, sandy	21	464
Sand: fine to coarse-grained; interbedded clay, gray to dark- brown to black to mottled, micaceous, somewhat sandy, lig- nitic	163	627
Sand: fine to coarse-grained, very coarse-grained and gravelly at depth; interbedded clay, gray to green to red, somewhat fissile, micaceous, sandy	244	871
Basement Complex (Undifferentiated):		
Crystalline rock	1.5	872.5

Summary:

Miocene (Hawthorn formation)	50	50
Oligocene(?) (undifferentiated)	80	130
Upper Eocene (Barnwell formation)	130	260
Upper Cretaceous (Tuscaloosa formation)		871
Basement complex (undifferentiated)	1.5	872.5

Potential Water-Bearing Zones:

Sand:	fine	to coarse-grained	13	130
Sand:	fine	to coarse-grained	5	202
Sand:	fine	to coarse-grained.	6	403
Sand:	fine	to coarse-grained	10	443
Sand:	fine	to coarse-grained	76	500
Sand:	fine	to coarse-grained	39	571
Sand:	fine	to coarse-grained	12	593
Sand:	fine	to coarse-grained	29	669
Sand:	fine	to coarse-grained	17	714
Sand:	fine	to coarse-grained	44	786
Sand:	fine	to coarse-grained	14	869

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Location: 2.8 mi. north of Highway 2	24 at Davisboro	Well No.: GGS 152
and 0.7 mi. west of north-south	dirt road, near	Elev.: 392
storage shed		
Owner: Georgia Forest Service	Ξ.	
Driller: Layne-Atlantic Company	*	
Drilled: May 1948	3	

•	ž.	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)

Upper Eocene: Jackson Group: Barnwell Formation:

Clay: brick-red, very sandy, limonitic; fragments of residual		
limestone	33	33

426

WELL LOGS OF THE COASTAL PLAIN OF GEORGIA 427 Thickness Depth (feet) (feet) 17 No samples 50 Sand: fine to medium-grained, much coarser-grained at depth, angular; some clay, gray to cream to pink, and scattered fragments of residual limestone 47 97 Sand: fine to coarse-grained; marl, yellowish-green, somewhat fissile, sandy, fossiliferous (macroshells, echinoid and bryo-. 6 103 zoan remains, Ostracods, and Foraminifera) Nonion advena, Nonion inexcavatus, Valvulineria jacksonensis, Cibicides lobatulus at 97-103. Limestone: gray to yellow, dense, somewhat saccharoidal and crystalline (in texture), very sandy, fossiliferous (macroshells, echinoid and bryozoan remains) 2 105 Sand: fine to coarse-grained, angular; some marl, cream to yellowish-green to red (mottled), fossiliferous (macroshells and some microfossils) 48 153 Clay: yellowish-green, noncalcareous, fissile, somewhat bentonitic _____ 28 181 Sand: fine to coarse-grained; some clay, yellowish-green to red (mottled), sandy_____ 205 24 Limestone: gray, dense, saccharoidal, very sandy, sparsely phosphatic, fossiliferous (fragments, casts and molds of megafossils) 14 219 Upper Cretaceous: Tuscaloosa Formation: Kaolin: white to gray to pink (mottled), micaceous 47 266 Sand: coarse-grained, angular, limonitic 260 526 Summary: Upper Eocene (Barnwell formation) 219 219 Upper Cretaceous (Tuscaloosa formation) 307 526**Potential Water-Bearing Zones:** Limestone 14 219 _____ 260 Sand: coarse-grained 526

Remarks:

Overall quality of samples for this well is poor. Delineation of water-bearing sands below depth of 266 feet is not feasible.