

**GEORGIA
STATE DIVISION OF CONSERVATION**

DEPARTMENT OF MINES, MINING AND GEOLOGY
GARLAND PEYTON, Director

THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
Bulletin Number 74

**LOGS OF SELECTED WELLS IN THE
COASTAL PLAINS OF GEORGIA**

by

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ATLANTA
1964

Depth (feet)	Description
315	Sandstone, very fine grained, slightly glauconitic (fine-grained glauconite), is about 80 percent of the sample. About 20 percent of the sample is composed of small chalky fragments, much of which is probably worn and broken fossil debris that was irregularly scattered in the sandstone. Bryozoan fragments are common.
325	Sandstone, grayish-tan, very fine grained, calcitic, slightly glauconitic, like sample at 315 ft.; a few chalky fragments are present.
330	Sandstone, highly calcareous, very fine grained, slightly glauconitic. Many fragments of chalky, glauconitic limestone contain traces and fragments of fossils that indicate the material is probably caving from higher levels.
340	Limestone, white, chalky, glauconitic, containing many fragments of <i>Operculinoides</i> sp., <i>Camerina</i> sp., <i>Lepidocyclina</i> (<i>Polylepidina</i>) <i>antillea</i> , and <i>Discocyclina flintensis</i> .
365	Limestone, light bluish-gray, hard, dense, containing small scattered particles of glauconite.
373	Like sample at 365 ft.
422 T.D.	Limestone, light-gray, moderately hard, sandy, glauconitic (fine-grained glauconite); no indigenous fossils.

DECATUR COUNTY*

Owner Operator: U. S. (War Department) Bainbridge Basic Flying School Well 1

Landowner:

Location: 6 mi. northwest of Bainbridge, Ga., and about 3/4 mi. southwest of Georgia Highway 1.

GGs. No. 57

Elevation: 130 ft.

Total depth: 1035 ft.

Completed: May 28, 1942

Summary of Stratigraphy

	Depth (feet)	Thickness (feet)
Tertiary		
Miocene(?) undifferentiated (1 sample).....	20	?
Oligocene(?) do (1 sample).....	55	?
No samples.....	60	55
In Eocene		
upper, Ocala Limestone, upper member.....	115	54
lower member.....	169	137

*Publication of this data is authorized by the Sun Oil Company, for whom the report was prepared on a commercial basis.

		Depth (feet)	Thickness (feet)
middle Unit	A	306	47
	B	353	77
	C	430	107
	D	537	to total 498 depth

Lithologic and paleontologic description of cuttings and cores. Samples are cuttings unless otherwise stated.

Depth
(feet)

Description

Tertiary

Miocene(?) undifferentiated

20 Clay, tan, sandy, slightly micaceous.

Oligocene (?) undifferentiated

55 Limestone, chalky, water-worn, containing traces of fossils.

In Eocene

Upper Eocene. Ocala Limestone. Upper Member

115 Limestone, light-cream, chalky, porous, composed of poorly-preserved, fragmentary molds of fossil shells, among which are *Lepidocyclina* sp., *Gypsina globula*, bryozoan fragments, and echinoid spines.

130 Limestone, iron-stained, hard, chalky, water-worn, showing traces of fossil shells; among which are fragments of *Lepidocyclina* sp.
Upper Eocene. Ocala Limestone. Lower Member.

169 Limestone, white, chalky, porous, fossiliferous. Among the poorly-preserved molds, fragments of molds, and impressions of shells, are specimens of *Lepidocyclina* sp., *Operculina* sp., worn fragments of *Asterocyclina* (?), *Amphistegina pinarensis*, *Robulus* sp., *Amphistegina alabamensis*, and specimens of a few other small Foraminifera (Ocala species).

185 Limestone, cream, hard, chalky. A few fragments of limestone contain traces of sections of microfossils.

195 Limestone, chalky. A very small sample.

205 Limestone, white, chalky, highly microfossiliferous, containing many specimens of *Lepidocyclina ocalana* and varieties, a few specimens of *Operculina* sp., and many specimens of *Amphistegina alabamensis* that is common in the lower member of the Ocala Limestone in western Florida.

220 Limestone, chalky, fossiliferous. Worn fragments of *Lepidocyclina* sp. are common, and specimens of *Amphistegina pinarensis*

Depth
(feet)

Description

are abundant. Also present are poorly-preserved specimens of *Camerina* sp., *Operculina* sp., *Gypsina globula*, and bryozoan fragments.

270 Limestone, cream, chalky, fossiliferous. The foraminiferal material consists of worn chalky molds. The species seem to be the same as in the sample at 220 feet, but specimens of *Camerina* sp. are much more abundant.

290 Limestone, white and cream, hard, nodular, containing abundant traces of fossils and a few grains of glauconite. The sample contains fragments of a large coarsely beaded *Lepidocyclina* sp. This sample is possibly the equivalent of the Moody's Branch Marl at the base of the Jackson (upper Eocene) Group in Mississippi.

Middle Eocene

306 Unit A

Sandstone, clear quartz, very fine grained, somewhat glauconitic, chalky. The sandstone contains many calcitic fragments that seem to be derived from broken fossil shells; one poorly-preserved chalky specimen of *Lepidocyclina* sp.; and worn bryozoan fragments.

318 Like sample at 306 ft.

327 Limestone, white, hard, somewhat glauconitic, containing fragments of sections of *Operculinoides* sp., *Lepidocyclina* (*Poly-lepidina*) *antillea*, *Pseudophragmina* sp. About 50 percent of the sample is very uneven grained clear quartz sand. Cavings of limestone from higher levels are common.

340 Sand, like sample at 327 ft., and small fragments of white, hard, slightly glauconitic chalk. The fauna seems to be like the sample at 327 ft., but the specimens are too poorly presented for specific identification.

353 Unit B

Limestone, light-gray, dense, sandy (very fine grained sand), glauconitic (very fine grained glauconite). The grains of glauconite are evenly distributed in the limestone.

370 Like sample at 353 ft.

375 Like sample at 353 ft.

400 Limestone, light-gray, highly sandy, chalky. The sample contains a trace of mica, fragments of *Ostrea* sp. and échinoids, and a very few specimens of smaller Foraminifera, including *Cibicides westi*.

426 Like sample at 400 ft.

430 Unit C

Chalk, highly sandy, slightly glauconitic, containing many worn fragments of a thin-shelled bivalve (*Ostrea*(?) sp.). Several poorly-preserved specimens of small Foraminifera also occur,

Depth
(feet)

Description

- among which *Asterigerina lisbonensis* is the dominant form, and *Globigerina* sp., *Cibicides* sp., and others are also present.
- 435 Limestone, iron-stained, hard, glauconitic (moderately coarse grained glauconite), sandy (moderately coarse-grained sand), containing many fragments of a partly calcitized fossil bivalve. The material has the appearance of having been weathered during exposure at the surface.
- 438 Limestone, white, highly glauconitic (moderately coarse grained glauconite), sandy (moderately coarse grained sand), containing a trace of mica. Poorly-preserved fragments of microfossils are embedded in the limestone. About 50 percent of the sample is very uneven grained clear quartz sand.
- 445 Like sample at 438 ft.
- 458 Sand, chalky, coarse-grained, uneven, glauconitic, containing worn fragments of fossil bivalves, and several chalky, glauconitic specimens of *Asterigerina lisbonensis*.
- 468 Like sample at 458 ft.
- 476 Sand, clear quartz, uneven-grained, glauconitic; sand grains and angular to subangular. Several specimens of small Foraminifera are present, among which *Asterigerina lisbonensis* is dominant, and *Gyroidina soldanii* var. *octocamerata* is fairly common. The sample also contains a few ostracodes and echinoid spines.
- 486 Limestone, white, hard, sandy, glauconitic, containing fragments of molds of microfossils.
- 490 Sand, clear quartz, moderately coarse-grained, moderately even grained, glauconitic, containing a few fragments of a thin-shelled *Ostrea* (?) sp., and a few chalky fragments of other fossils.
- 495 Like sample at 490 ft., but both sand and glauconite are coarser grained, and nodules of glauconite are abundant.
- 500 Sand, clear quartz, slightly glauconitic. The sand grains are moderately fine, moderately even, and angular.
- 505 Like sample at 500 ft.
- 537 Unit D
- Sand, pinkish-tan, clear quartz, very uneven grained, angular to subangular to rounded. Sample contains some glauconite (probably caving) and some fragments of pink clay.
- 542 Like sample at 537 ft.
- 555 Sand, pinkish-tan, clear quartz, moderately coarse, moderately even grained; a trace of colorless mica. The color of the sand is due to staining by the clay matrix.
- 576 Sand, light-tan. The sand is somewhat coarser than the sample at 555 ft., and contains a few nodules of glauconite.
- 590 Like sample at 576 ft.
- 605 No change.

Depth (feet)	Description
625	No change.
642	No change.
651	No change.
664	No change.
666	No change.
681	No change.
697	Like preceding samples, but contains almost no glauconite.
721	Like sample at 697 ft.
755	Like sample at 721 ft., but contains no glauconite.
768	Like sample at 755 ft., but sand is coarser grained.
780	Like sample at 768 ft., but contains fragments of sandy limestone that are probably caving from higher levels.
820	No change.
909	No change.
925	No change.
940	Sand, like preceding samples, but finer grained, somewhat chalky, and containing many nodules of glauconite. The sample contains several poorly-preserved specimens of smaller Foraminifera, among which <i>Robulus</i> sp. (close to <i>Lenticulina rotulata</i>) is a common form; no diagnostic species seem to be present.
970	Sand, clear quartz, uneven grained, somewhat glauconitic, and similar, in general, to sample at 940 ft. This sample also contains a few specimens of nondiagnostic species of Foraminifera, and a few other specimens which probably caved from higher depths.
1035 T.D.	Sand and a little glauconite like the sample at 970 ft., but the sand is somewhat finer grained.

DECATUR COUNTY

Operator: Hunt Oil Co.	GGs. No. 168
Landowner: Metcalf Well 1	Elevation: 104 ft. (derrick floor)
Location: Land District 21, Land Lot 260, center of NE $\frac{1}{4}$ of Land Lot 260	Total depth: 6152 ft. Completed: Aug. 19, 1944

Summary of Stratigraphy

	Depth (feet)	Thickness (feet)
Tertiary		
Paleocene		
In beds containing Tamesí fauna at 1930 ft. 1st sample	?	?