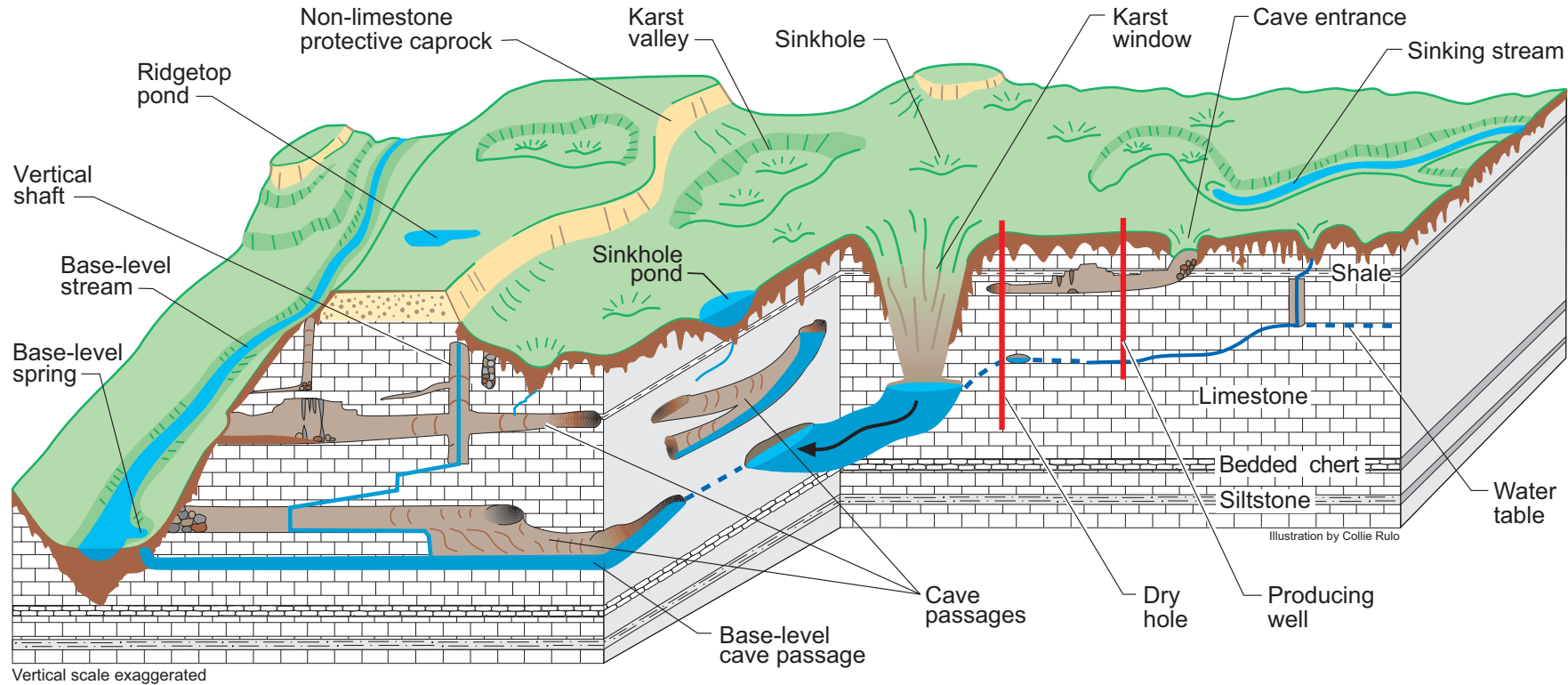


Generalized Block Diagram of the Western Pennyroyal Karst

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Western Pennyroyal karst:

Karst occurs where limestone or other soluble bedrock is near the earth's surface, and fractures in the rock become enlarged when the rock dissolves. Sinkholes and sinking streams are two surface features that indicate karst development. In karst areas most rainfall sinks underground, resulting in fewer streams flowing on the surface than in non-karst settings. Instead of flowing on the surface, the water flows underground through caves, sometimes reemerging at karst windows, then sinks again to eventually discharge at a base-level spring along a major stream or at the top of an impermeable strata. The development of karst features is influenced by the type of soluble rock and how it has been broken or folded by geologic forces. There are four major karst regions in Kentucky: the Inner Bluegrass, Western Pennyroyal, Eastern Pennyroyal, and Pine Mountain. This diagram depicts the Western Pennyroyal karst.

Many of the conditions needed for long cave systems occur in the Western Pennyroyal. These include a thick block of pure limestone, a high rainfall rate, higher elevation areas draining toward a major stream, rocks dipping toward the stream, and large areas of the limestone protected from erosion at the surface by overlying insoluble rocks. In the Mammoth Cave area, all of these conditions are found together, which resulted in Mammoth Cave, the longest known cave system in the world at 350 miles! As erosion on the surface continues over geologic time, the major stream draining a karst terrane cuts its channel deeper. In response, deeper conduits increase their flow to the major stream and new springs develop at lower elevations along the stream's banks. Older, higher flow routes are left as dry cave passages, some of which become sediment filled. To produce significant amounts of water, wells drilled into karst aquifers must intersect a set of enlarged fractures, a dissolution conduit, or a cave passage with an underground stream.