

# Generalized Geologic Map for Land-Use Planning: Lexington and Fayette County, Kentucky

Daniel I. Carey and Martin C. Noger  
 Kentucky Geological Survey  
 Paul Howell  
 U.S. Department of Agriculture—  
 Natural Resources Conservation Service

### Construction on Limestone Terrain

Limestone terrain can be subject to subsidence hazards, which usually can be overcome by prior planning and site evaluation. "A" shows construction above an open cavern, which later collapses. This is one of the most difficult situations to detect, and the possibility of this situation beneath a structure warrants insurance protection for homes built on karst terrain. In "B," a heavy structure presumed to lie above solid bedrock actually is partially supported on soft, residual clay soils that subside gradually, resulting in damage to the structure. This occurs where inadequate site evaluation can be traced to lack of geophysical studies and inadequate core sampling. "C" and "D" show the close relationship between hydrology and subsidence hazards in limestone terrain. In "C," the house is situated on porous fill (light shading) at a site where surface and groundwater drainage move supporting soil (darker shading) into voids in limestone (blocks) below. The natural process is then accelerated by infiltration through fill around the home. "D" shows a karst site where normal rainfall is absorbed by subsurface conduits, but water from an infrequent heavy storm cannot be carried away quickly enough to prevent flooding of low-lying areas. Adapted from AIPG (1993).

### The Horse Capital of the World

Lexington is known as the Horse Capital of the World. The phosphate limestones underlying the Inner Bluegrass create a gently rolling topography and fertile soils that provide the foundation for the strong agricultural and thoroughbred horse industries. The Kentucky Horse Park will host the 2010 Alltech Fédération Equestre Internationale World Equestrian Games, bringing \$150 million to the community. Photo by Dan Carey, Kentucky Geological Survey.

### Keeneland

Keeneland is world-renowned for its thoroughbred racing and sales. Photo by Jim Rebmann, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government, Division of Planning.

### Tobacco

Annual burley tobacco production, once the backbone of Bluegrass farming, has dropped from 480 million pounds to less than 140 million pounds in recent years. Photo by Jim Rebmann, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government, Division of Planning.

### Preserving the Character of the Land

Preservation of the character of the land was a high priority in the design of the new 4-lane Paris Pike. This required a spacious green median and, in some cases, relocation and reconstruction of historic stone fences. Photo by Dan Carey, Kentucky Geological Survey.

### Sinkhole Flooding

Flooding in a karst basin. Sinkhole swallows and solution channels are not large enough to carry off the water after a large storm. The problem is exacerbated by development. Often the only solution is to relocate the homes out of the karst floodplain. Photograph courtesy of Jim Rebmann, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government.

### Cover-Collapse Sinkhole

Sinkhole cover collapse. After perhaps years of slow settlement, soils over bedrock solution channels collapse rapidly and wash out, leaving sinkholes such as this. This phenomenon occurs throughout Fayette County (about 10 percent of the county), most critical wells will not produce enough water for a dependable domestic supply unless they are drilled along drainage lines, in which case they may produce enough water except during dry weather.

### Historic Stone Fences

There are 38 miles of historic stone fences in the public right-of-way along local roads. The fences were made from local limestone. A local ordinance protects these fences from destruction. Photo by Jim Rebmann, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government, Division of Planning.

### EXPLANATION

- School
- Spring
- Domestic
- Monitoring
- Public
- Agriculture
- Identified sinkholes

Mapped sinkholes

- Railroad
- Watershed boundary
- Concealed geologic fault
- Geologic fault
- Source-water protection area boundary, zone 1
- Royal Spring aquifer protection area
- Artificial fill
- Public lands
- Designated flood zone (FEMA, 2003)
- Wetlands > 1 acre (U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 2004)
- Active quarry
- 50-foot contour interval

"Flood information is available from the Kentucky Division of Water, Flood Plain Management Branch, www.water.ky.gov/floods/.

Source-water protection areas are those in which activities are likely to affect the quality of the drinking water source. For more information, see kgwaweb.uky.edu/download/wapp/wapp.htm.

### Additional Resources

Listed below are Web sites for several agencies and organizations that may be of assistance in Fayette County.

- www.flycog.com—Lexington-Fayette County Government
- www.visitlex.com—Lexington Convention and Visitors Bureau
- www.kentucky.com—Lexington Herald-Leader
- www.uky.edu/fayette—University of Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service
- www.ky.gov/land—Kentucky Economic Development Information System
- www.uky.edu/KentuckyAtlas/1067.htm—Kentucky Atlas and Gazetteer; Fayette County quatracts census.gov/ftp/states/21/1067.htm—U.S. census data
- kgwaweb.uky.edu/download—kgwaweb.htm Planning information from the Kentucky Geological Survey.

### Groundwater

In the North and South Forks of Elk Horn Creek, Hickman Creek, and Boone Creek and their major tributaries, most drilled wells in the valleys will produce enough water for a domestic supply at depths of less than 100 feet. Wells located in the creek valleys and the uplands of the northern and western two-thirds of the county and in the upper reaches of the creek valleys in the eastern third will produce enough water for a domestic supply except during dry weather. In the upland areas of the eastern third of Fayette County (about 10 percent of the county), most drilled wells will not produce enough water for a dependable domestic supply unless they are drilled along drainage lines, in which case they may produce enough water except during dry weather.

Throughout the county groundwater is hard or very hard and may contain salt or hydrogen sulfide, especially at depths greater than 100 feet.

For more information on groundwater in the county, see Carey and Stickney (2005).

### Raven Run

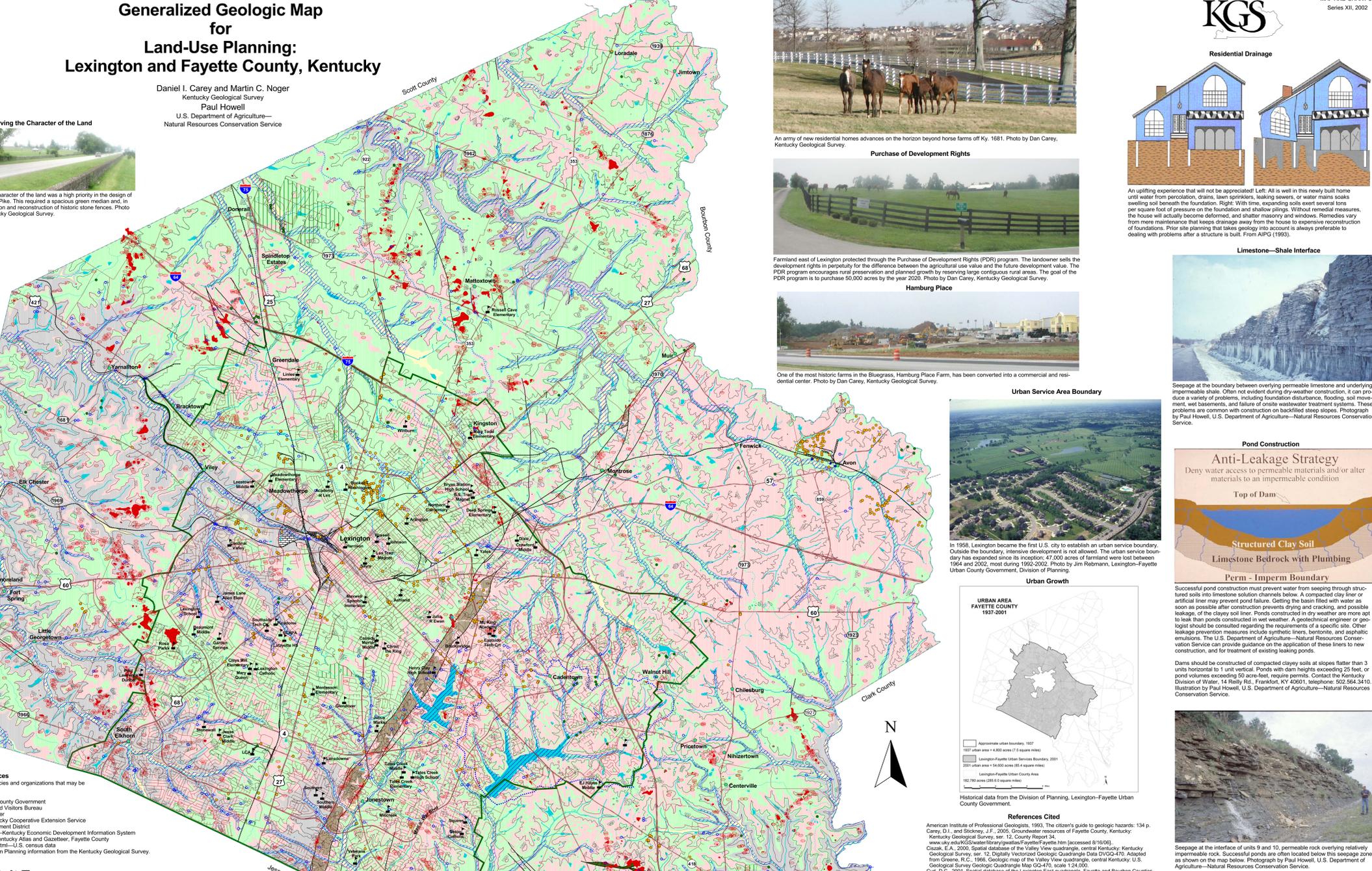
Raven Run Creek. Raven Run is a unique, 470-acre nature sanctuary dedicated to preserving the natural beauty of the Kentucky River Palisades and early Kentucky history. Over 10 miles of hiking trails provide access to streams, meadows and woodlands characteristic of the area. Numerous 19th century remnants of early settlers, as well as over 600 species of plants, allow visitors to become acquainted with and appreciate the natural world. Raven Run also accommodates over 200 species of birds throughout the year. Photo by Jim Rebmann, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government, Division of Planning.

### For Planning Use Only

This map is not intended to be used for selecting individual sites. Its purpose is to inform land-use planners, government officials, and the public in a general way about geologic bedrock conditions that affect the selection of sites for various purposes. For further assistance, contact the Kentucky Geological Survey, Geologic Hazards Section, 859-257-5500. For more information, and to make custom maps of your local area, visit our Land-Use Planning Internet Mapping Web Site at kgsmap.uky.edu/webuse/kyuplan/viewer.htm.

### 7.5-Minute Map Index

### Geology of Kentucky



### PLANNING TABLE DEFINITIONS

FOUNDATION AND EXCAVATION  
 The terms "hard" and "rock" excavations are used in the engineering sense; earth can be excavated by hand tools, whereas rock requires heavy equipment or blasting to remove.

LIMITATIONS  
 Slight—A slight limitation is one that commonly requires some corrective measures but can be overcome without a great deal of difficulty or expense.  
 Moderate—A moderate limitation is one that normally can be overcome but the difficulty and expense are great enough that completing the project is commonly a question of feasibility.  
 Severe—A severe limitation is one that is difficult to overcome and commonly is not feasible because of the expense involved.

LAND USES  
 Septic tank disposal system—A septic tank disposal system consists of a septic tank and a filter. The filter fluid is a subsurface seepage system in which a thin film of effluent from the septic tank is distributed with reasonable uniformity into the natural soil.  
 Residences—Ratings are made for residences with and without basements because the degree of infiltration is dependent upon eaves and required depth of excavation. For example, excavation in limestone has greater limitation than excavation in shale for a house with a basement.  
 Highways and streets—Refers to paved roads in which cuts and fills made in hilly topography, and considerable work is done preparing roadways and bases below the surface is applied.

Access Roads  
 Refer to soil report (Sims and others, 1968).

Light Industry and Malls  
 Refer to soil report (Sims and others, 1968).

Intensive Recreation  
 Refer to soil report (Sims and others, 1968).

Extensive Recreation  
 Refer to soil report (Sims and others, 1968).

Reservoir Areas  
 Refer to soil report (Sims and others, 1968).

Reservoir Embankments  
 Refer to soil report (Sims and others, 1968).

Underground Utilities  
 Refer to soil report (Sims and others, 1968).

Map Unit	Foundation and Excavation	Septic Tank Disposal System	Residence with Basements	Highways and Streets	Access Roads	Light Industry and Malls	Intensive Recreation	Extensive Recreation	Reservoir Areas	Reservoir Embankments	Underground Utilities
1. Alluvium	Fair to good foundation material (variably excavated).	Refer to soil report (Sims and others, 1968).	Refer to soil report (Sims and others, 1968).	Refer to soil report (Sims and others, 1968).	Refer to soil report (Sims and others, 1968).	Refer to soil report (Sims and others, 1968).	Refer to soil report (Sims and others, 1968).	Refer to soil report (Sims and others, 1968).	Refer to soil report (Sims and others, 1968).	Refer to soil report (Sims and others, 1968).	Refer to soil report (Sims and others, 1968).
2. High local gravel deposits	Good foundation material. Slightly excavated.	Slight to moderate limitations. Impermeable, undrained by impervious rock.	Slight limitations.	None.	None.	None.	None.	None.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Slight limitations.
3. Fast breccia	Good foundation material. Easily excavated.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
4. Dolomite and shale	Good foundation material. Moderately difficult to excavate.	Severe limitations. Impermeable rock; locally bed drainage through fractures; danger of groundwater contamination.	None.	Moderate limitations. Numerous deep sinks; rock overhangs; drainage problems.	Moderate limitations. Numerous deep sinks.	Severe limitations. Numerous small areas of level land.	Severe limitations. Steep slopes; small areas of level land.	None.	Severe limitations. Lowly resistant rock; many sinks.	Slight to moderate limitations.	Severe limitations. Rock excavation.
5. Silstone	Good foundation material. Moderately difficult to excavate.	Severe limitations. Impermeable; jointing.	Severe limitations. Poor excavation; steep slopes.	Slight to moderate limitations. Subgrade requires drainage; rock on top.	Slight limitations. Local seeps.	Slight limitations. Local seeps.	None.	None.	Slight limitations where topographic relief is suitable.	Slight to moderate limitations.	Moderate limitations. Rock excavation; pneumatic equipment required; blasting required.
6. Dolomite	Excellent foundation material. Difficult to excavate.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Severe limitations. Numerous deep sinks; steep slopes.	Moderate limitations. Numerous deep sinks; steep slopes; narrow ravines.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Moderate to slight limitations. Steep slopes; small areas of level land.	Slight limitations. Lowly resistant rock; many faults.	Severe limitations.	Severe limitations. Rock excavation.
7. Limestone	Excellent foundation material. Difficult to excavate.	Severe limitations. Impermeable rock; locally bed drainage through fractures; danger of groundwater contamination.	Not applicable.	Severe limitations. Rock excavation; steep slopes.	Moderate limitations. Rock excavation; steep slopes; narrow ravines; where topographic relief is suitable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Moderate to slight limitations. Steep slopes; small areas of level land.	Slight limitations. Steep slopes; small areas of level land.	Severe limitations.	Severe limitations. Rock excavation.
8. Limestone, irregularly bedded	Excellent foundation material. Difficult to excavate.	Severe limitations. Impermeable rock; locally bed drainage through fractures; danger of groundwater contamination.	Severe to moderate limitations. Rocky excavation; locally upper few feet may be repulsive; sink common; drainage problems.	Slight to moderate limitations. Rocky excavation; locally upper few feet may be repulsive; sink common; drainage problems.	Slight limitations. Local drainage problems from seeps or springs; rock excavation; locally upper few feet may be repulsive; sink common; drainage problems.	Slight to moderate limitations. Local drainage problems from seeps or springs; rock excavation; locally upper few feet may be repulsive; sink common; drainage problems.	None.	None.	Severe to moderate limitations. Lowly resistant rock; locally common may be favorable; sink common.	Severe limitations.	Severe limitations. Rock excavation.
9. Limestone, evenly bedded	Excellent foundation material. Difficult to excavate.	Severe limitations. Impermeable rock; locally bed drainage through fractures; danger of groundwater contamination.	Severe to moderate limitations. Rocky excavation; locally upper few feet may be repulsive; sink common; drainage problems.	Slight to moderate limitations. Rocky excavation; locally upper few feet may be repulsive; sink common; drainage problems.	Slight limitations. Local drainage problems from seeps or springs; rock excavation; locally upper few feet may be repulsive; sink common; drainage problems.	Slight to moderate limitations. Local drainage problems from seeps or springs; rock excavation; locally upper few feet may be repulsive; sink common; drainage problems.	None.	None.	Severe to moderate limitations. Lowly resistant rock; locally common may be favorable; sink common.	Severe limitations.	Severe limitations. Rock excavation.
10. Shale and limestone interbedded	Good to excellent foundation material. Moderately difficult to excavate.	Severe limitations. Impermeable rock.	Slight to moderate limitations. Earth and rock excavation; poor drainage.	Slight to moderate limitations. Earth and rock excavation; poor drainage.	Slight limitations. Local seeps.	Slight to moderate limitations. Earth and rock excavation; poor drainage.	None.	None.	Slight limitations. Earth and rock excavation; poor drainage.	Slight limitations.	Moderate limitations. Earth and rock excavation; poor drainage.

### PLANNING TABLE DEFINITIONS

FOUNDATION AND EXCAVATION  
 The terms "hard" and "rock" excavations are used in the engineering sense; earth can be excavated by hand tools, whereas rock requires heavy equipment or blasting to remove.

LIMITATIONS  
 Slight—A slight limitation is one that commonly requires some corrective measures but can be overcome without a great deal of difficulty or expense.  
 Moderate—A moderate limitation is one that normally can be overcome but the difficulty and expense are great enough that completing the project is commonly a question of feasibility.  
 Severe—A severe limitation is one that is difficult to overcome and commonly is not feasible because of the expense involved.

LAND USES  
 Septic tank disposal system—A septic tank disposal system consists of a septic tank and a filter. The filter fluid is a subsurface seepage system in which a thin film of effluent from the septic tank is distributed with reasonable uniformity into the natural soil.  
 Residences—Ratings are made for residences with and without basements because the degree of infiltration is dependent upon eaves and required depth of excavation. For example, excavation in limestone has greater limitation than excavation in shale for a house with a basement.  
 Highways and streets—Refers to paved roads in which cuts and fills made in hilly topography, and considerable work is done preparing roadways and bases below the surface is applied.

Access Roads  
 Refer to soil report (Sims and others, 1968).

Light Industry and Malls  
 Refer to soil report (Sims and others, 1968).

Intensive Recreation  
 Refer to soil report (Sims and others, 1968).

Extensive Recreation  
 Refer to soil report (Sims and others, 1968).

Reservoir Areas  
 Refer to soil report (Sims and others, 1968).

Reservoir Embankments  
 Refer to soil report (Sims and others, 1968).

Underground Utilities  
 Refer to soil report (Sims and others, 1968).

### PLANNING TABLE DEFINITIONS

FOUNDATION AND EXCAVATION  
 The terms "hard" and "rock" excavations are used in the engineering sense; earth can be excavated by hand tools, whereas rock requires heavy equipment or blasting to remove.

LIMITATIONS  
 Slight—A slight limitation is one that commonly requires some corrective measures but can be overcome without a great deal of difficulty or expense.  
 Moderate—A moderate limitation is one that normally can be overcome but the difficulty and expense are great enough that completing the project is commonly a question of feasibility.  
 Severe—A severe limitation is one that is difficult to overcome and commonly is not feasible because of the expense involved.

LAND USES  
 Septic tank disposal system—A septic tank disposal system consists of a septic tank and a filter. The filter fluid is a subsurface seepage system in which a thin film of effluent from the septic tank is distributed with reasonable uniformity into the natural soil.  
 Residences—Ratings are made for residences with and without basements because the degree of infiltration is dependent upon eaves and required depth of excavation. For example, excavation in limestone has greater limitation than excavation in shale for a house with a basement.  
 Highways and streets—Refers to paved roads in which cuts and fills made in hilly topography, and considerable work is done preparing roadways and bases below the surface is applied.

Access Roads  
 Refer to soil report (Sims and others, 1968).

Light Industry and Malls  
 Refer to soil report (Sims and others, 1968).

Intensive Recreation  
 Refer to soil report (Sims and others, 1968).

Extensive Recreation  
 Refer to soil report (Sims and others, 1968).

Reservoir Areas  
 Refer to soil report (Sims and others, 1968).

Reservoir Embankments  
 Refer to soil report (Sims and others, 1968).

Underground Utilities  
 Refer to soil report (Sims and others, 1968).

### References Cited

American Institute of Professional Geologists, 1993. The citizen's guide to geologic hazards: 134 p. Carey, D.I., and Stickney, J.F., 2005. Groundwater resources of Fayette County, Kentucky. Kentucky Geological Survey, ser. 12, County Report 34. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003a. Spatial database of the Clintonville quadrangle, central Kentucky. Kentucky Geological Survey, ser. 12, Digitally Vectorized Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-653. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003b. Spatial database of the Colleton quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. Kentucky Geological Survey, ser. 12, Digitally Vectorized Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-654. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003c. Spatial database of the Nicholasville quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-655. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003d. Spatial database of the Richmond North quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-656. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003e. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-657. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003f. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-658. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003g. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-659. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003h. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-660. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003i. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-661. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003j. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-662. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003k. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-663. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003l. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-664. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003m. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-665. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003n. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-666. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003o. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-667. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003p. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-668. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003q. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-669. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003r. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-670. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003s. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-671. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003t. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-672. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003u. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-673. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003v. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-674. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003w. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-675. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003x. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-676. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003y. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-677. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003z. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-678. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003aa. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-679. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003ab. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-680. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003ac. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-681. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003ad. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-682. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003ae. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-683. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003af. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-684. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003ag. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-685. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003ah. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-686. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003ai. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-687. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003aj. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-688. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003ak. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-689. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003al. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-690. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003am. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-691. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003an. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-692. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003ao. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-693. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003ap. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-694. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003aq. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-695. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003ar. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-696. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003as. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-697. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003at. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-698. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003au. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-699. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003av. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-700. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003aw. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-701. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003ax. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-702. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003ay. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-703. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003az. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-704. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003ba. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-705. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bb. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-706. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bc. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-707. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bd. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-708. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003be. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-709. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bf. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-710. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bg. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-711. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bh. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-712. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bi. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-713. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bj. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-714. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bk. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-715. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bl. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-716. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bm. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-717. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bn. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-718. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bo. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-719. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bp. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-720. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bq. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-721. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003br. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-722. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bs. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-723. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bt. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-724. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bu. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-725. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-726. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-727. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-728. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-729. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-730. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-731. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-732. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-733. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-734. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-735. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-736. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-737. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-738. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-739. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-740. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-741. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-742. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-743. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-744. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-745. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-746. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-747. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-748. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-749. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-750. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-751. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-752. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-753. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-754. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-755. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-756. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-757. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-758. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-759. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-760. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-761. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-762. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-763. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-764. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-765. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-766. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-767. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-768. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-769. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-770. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-771. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-772. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-773. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-774. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-775. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-776. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-777. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-778. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-779. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-780. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-781. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-782. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-783. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-784. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-785. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-786. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv. Spatial database of the Versailles quadrangle, east-central Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Quadrangle Data DVGQ-787. Nelson, H.L., Jr., 2003bv